If the individual is:	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
A U.S. citizen or national, or an American Indian born in Canada or member of a federally recognized Indian tribe	Potentially eligible.	Not eligible. Refer to SSA to apply for SSI/SSP.	 Birth Certificate Citizenship or Naturalization Certificate or other document/certificate issued by INS that shows the place of birth. N-550 or N-570 (Naturalized citizen) N-560 or N-561 (derivative citizenship) I-179, I-197 still valid though discontinued in 1983.) Tribal documents issued directly by the individual's tribe. Do not accept a Certificate of Indian Status card ("Band" card) which is issued by the Canadian Department of Indian Affairs. For Canadian-born Indians any of the following may also be presented and are acceptable:

If the individual is:	SSI Eligible	*Documentation	
QUALIFIED ALIENS			
Lawfully Admitted for Permanent Residence (LAPR) (Includes Amerasian immigrants and Special Agricultural Workers [SAWs])	Potentially eligible if: Lawfully residing in the U.S. and was receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, or Blind, disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or Meets 40 QQ's requirement (See Qualifying Quarters Chart), or Veteran/active duty military member, or spouse/dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member, or Granted Cuban/Haitian entrant status within last 7 years, or Entered U.S. as an Amerasian immigrant within last 7 years, or Entered U.S. as a refugee within last 7 years, or Granted status as asylee or deportation/removal withheld last 7 years.	Potentially Eligible only if one of the following applies: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older, or 2. Entered the U.S. on or after August 22, 1996 and is sponsored and the • Sponsor is deceased, or • Sponsor is disabled, or • Sponsor or sponsor's spouse is abusive to recipient. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	I-551 which replaced the I-151, AR3 and AR3a I-151, AR3 and AR3a. I-94 with a stamp that states "Temporary Form I-551 Admission for permanent residence at (port), (date), verified (office of issuance), (date), (signature of issuing officer), (_title) I-327 "Reentry Permit" which is given to an LPR when traveling outside of the U.S. for an extended period of time. I-688EXT with label on back of form showing temporary evidence of LPR status. Foreign passport stamped "Processed for I-551. Temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence valid until Employment authorized." (Per INS, this is documentation of permanent residence status, even if it is beyond the expiration date. I-688 annotated "status has been granted pursuant to Section 210 INA. The 210 annotation will be in the "Bearer entitled to block" (SAWs)
Granted Cuban/Haitian entrant status. (Section 501(e) Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980).	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Granted immigration status within the last 7 years. Duration of eligibility is based on time remaining in 7-year period, or 2. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996, or 3. Blind or disabled and was	Potentially eligible after expiration of 7-year period of potential SSI/SSP eligibility if: • Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if:	I-94 ("Arrival/Departure Record") endorsed "Cuban/Haitian Entrant (Status Pending)" issued prior to 10/10/80. INS form I-94 indicating that the bearer has been paroled pursuant to section 212(d)(5) of the INA. Cuban/Haitian Entrants have an I-94 with the legend "Cuban/Haitian Entrant (Status Pending) Reviewable January 15, 1981. Employment authorized until January 15, 1981." I-551, status code CU6, CU7, or CH6

If the individual is:	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
	lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or 4. Veteran/Active Duty Military, or 5. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member	Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	Unexpired temporary I-551 stamp in a foreign passport. Unexpired temporary I-551 stamp on Form I-94 with code CU6 or CU7. Date status granted is the date of inspection on the stamp, if the passport is submitted. If the date is missing from the I-94 or only an I-551 is presented, verify status with INS.
Entered U.S. as an Amerasian immigrant. (Section 584) (LAPR)	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Granted immigration status within the last 7 years. Duration of eligibility is based on time remaining in 7-year period, or 2. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996, or 3. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or 4. Veteran/Active duty military, or 5. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	Potentially eligible after expiration of 7-year period of potential SSI/SSP eligibility if: • Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	I-94 stamped with codes AM1, AM2, AM3. The I-94 is stamped on the front. "Processed for I-551. Temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent resident. Valid until Employment authorized." The back of the I-94 will show the A-Number in box #20. A-Numbers in the immigrant services (beginning with 4) will be used. The unique identifier on the I-94 will appear in block #26, the comments section. An I-551 will be issued as soon as it can be manufactured and mailed. I-551 stamped with codes AM1, AM2, AM3, AM6, AM7, or AM8. Foreign passport with unexpired temporary I-551 stamp showing AM6, AM7, or AM8 Vietnamese Exit Visa or Vietnamese Passport if stamped with AM1, AM2, or AM3. NOTE: Date of admission is from the I-551, or the date of inspection on the stamp on the I-94. If no date on I-94, verify status with INS.
Entered U.S. as refugee. (Section 207)	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Granted immigration status within the last 7 years.	Potentially eligible after expiration of 7-year period of potential SSI/SSP eligibility if: Entered the U.S. prior to	I-551 with classification codes RE6, RE7, RE8, or RE 9. Date of admission as refugee is date of admission on I-551. I-94 annotated w/stamp showing admission

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If the individual is:	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
	Duration of eligibility is based on time remaining in 7-year period, or	August 22, 1996 <u>and</u> is age 65.	under 207 of INA. (If you depart the U.S., you will need prior permission from the INS to return.)
	Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996, or	Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	I-633B annotated 274a.12(a)(3) I-766 annotated A3 I-571 Refugee Travel Document
	Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or Veteran/Active duty military, or 5. Spouse or dependent child of	Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996,	If no admission date shown on documentation, verify with INS.
	living or deceased veteran/military member.	and Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	
Granted status as asylee. (Section 208)	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Granted immigration status within the last 7 years. Duration of eligibility is based on time remaining in 7-year period, or 2. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996, or 3. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or 4. Veteran/Active duty military, or 5. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	Potentially eligible after expiration of 7-year period of potential SSI/SSP eligibility if: Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility requirements. Please contact CDSS if: Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	 INS form I-94 annotated with stamp showing grant of asylum under section 208 of the INA. I-688B annotated 274.12a(a)(5), annotated "A5" or the alien's copy of the order from an immigration judge granting asylum or a copy of the grant letter from the Asylum Office of INS. I-766 annotated "A5" or the alien's copy of the order from an immigration judge granting asylum or a copy of the grant letter from the Asylum Office of INS. I-551 with INS codes AS6, AS7, or AS8 Derive the date status granted for start of 7-year period from the date on the I-94 asylum stamp, the INS grant letter, or the court order. If not available, contact INS.
A non-citizen whose deportation is being withheld under Section 243(h), or whose removal is being withheld under Section 241(b)(3) of the INA	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Granted status within the last 7 years. Duration of eligibility is based on time remaining in 7-	Potentially eligible after expiration of 7-year period of potential SSI/SSP eligibility if: Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age	 The alien's copy of the order from an immigration judge showing deportation under section 243(h) has been withheld as in effect prior to 4/1/97, or of removal withheld under section 241(b)(3).

If the individual is:	SSI Eligible Dogu	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
	year period, or 2. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996. 3. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996. 4. Veteran/Active duty military ,or 5. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	 I-688B Form annotated "274a.12(a)(10)", or I-766 annotated "A10" Does not normally reflect the date of withholding. Request a copy of the court order. If not available, contact INS.
A non-citizen paroled into the United States for a period of at least one year. (Section 212(d)(5))	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996, or 2. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, or 3. Veteran/Active duty military, or 4. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	Potentially eligible if: Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	INS form I-94 indicating that the bearer has been paroled pursuant to section 212(d)(5) of the INA. Cuban/Haitian Entrants have an I-94 with the legend "Cuban/Haitian Entrant (Status Pending) Reviewable January 15, 1981. Employment authorized until January 15, 1981." NOTE: Do not establish parole status based on Forms I-688B and I-766 which do not indicate the length of the parole period. Verify status and parole period with INS.
A conditional entrant admitted to the United States under Section 203(a)(7) of the INA as in effect before April 1, 1980.	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996. 2. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996.	Potentially eligible <u>if</u> : • Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 <u>and</u> is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	INS form I-94 bearing the stamp "REFUGEE-CONDITIONAL ENTRY" and a citation of the section of the INA. Section 203(a)(7) of the INA was made obsolete by the Refugee Act of 1980 (Public Law (P. L.) 96-212) and replaced by section 207 of the INA effective April 1, 1980. I-688B annotated "274a.12(a)(3)"

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If the individual is:	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible		*Documentation
	Veteran/Active duty military, or Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	•	I-766 annotated "A3".
Battered spouse, child, child of a battered spouse, or parent of a child of U.S. citizen or LAPR alien with a petition pending under sections 204(a)(1)(A) or (B) or 244(a)(3) of the INA	Potentially eligible only if one of the following conditions exist: 1. Lawfully residing in the U.S. and receiving benefits on August 22, 1996. 2. Blind or disabled and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996. 3. Veteran/Active duty military, or 4. Spouse or dependent child of living or deceased veteran/military member.	Potentially eligible if: Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 and is age 65 or older. Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria. Please contact CDSS if: 1. Entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996, but was not lawfully residing in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and 2. Is under age 65 and alleging blindness or disability.	•	INS Form I-797 with Case Type I-360 or I-130 and Notice Type indicating "Approval Notice" or body of notice indicating that the prima facie determination is valid; or a final order from Immigration Judge or Board of Immigration Appeals granting (or establishing a prima facie case) suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal.
NON-QUALIFIED ALIENS (PRUC				
A non-citizen subject to an Order of Supervision.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible <u>if:</u> • Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	•	INS form I-220-B pursuant to section 242 of the INA.
A non-citizen on whose behalf an immediate relative petition (INS Form I-130) has been approved and who is entitled to voluntary departure.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	•	INS form I-94 and/or an I-210 letter indicating departure on a specified date (usually 3 months from date of issue). INS expects the alien's visa to be available within this time. If it is not, extensions will be granted until the visa is ready. Also indicated on these documents is the authorization for employment.

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If the individual is: CAP Eligib	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
A non-citizen who has properly filed an application for an adjustment to lawful permanent resident status.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible <u>if</u> : Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	 INS form I-181 or passports will be stamped with either of the following, "adjustment application" or "employment authorized during status as adjustment applicant."
A non-citizen granted a stay of deportation for a specific period of time.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	Letter or a copy of the court order I-94
A non-citizen granted voluntary departure who is awaiting issuance of a visa, Section 242 of the INA.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	I-94 and/or an I-210 which indicates a departure within 60 days. This may be extended if the visa is not ready within the time allotted.
A non-citizen in deferred action status.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	I-210 or a letter indicating that the alien's departure has been deferred.
A non-citizen who entered and has continuously resided in the U.S. since before January 1, 1972 or any date established by Section 249 INA.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible <u>if</u> : Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	 Verification of residence in the U.S. Acceptable documents include: school records marriage license, medical records, Driver's license, Social Security Records, insurance records, tax records, or other appropriate documentation.
A non-citizen granted a suspension of deportation whose departure INS does not contemplate enforcing pursuant to Section 244 INA.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible <u>if</u> : Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	Letter/order from the immigration judge and ar I-94 with employment authorized for 1 year. An I-551 or I-151 after lawful permanent residence is granted.
A non-citizen granted an indefinite stay of deportation.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	I-94 and/or a Letter from INS

If the individual is: CAPLERgib	SSI Eligible	CAPI Eligible	*Documentation
A non-citizen not in one of the above categories, who can show that: (1) INS knows he/she is in the United States; and (2) INS does not intend to deport him/her, either because of the person's status category or individual circumstances.	Not eligible	Potentially eligible if: Entered U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 Must meet all other SSI/SSP eligibility criteria.	Many types of INS documentation including those listed above or various other forms or letters indicating the alien meets the definition of PRUCOL.
Other	Balance and the second		S. Frankling State Co.
A non-citizen whose immigration status does not meet any of the categories shown above	Not eligible	Not eligible	Not applicable

*Documentation list is not necessarily all inclusive, if other documents are provided contact CDSS.

LEGE	ND:		
INA	Immigration and Nationality Act	N-561	Replacement Certificate of Citizenship (when the original is lost)
I-94	Arrival/Departure Record (INS Form)	1-570	Replacement Certificate of Naturalization (when the original is lost)
l-179	Resident Citizen Identification Card (no longer issued but still valid)	I-571	Refugee Travel Document
I-197	Resident Citizen Identification Card (no longer issued but still valid)	I-688	Temporary Resident Card
I-551	INS card issued to aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence.	I-688 EXT.	Label affixed to back of I-688 while awaiting the issuance of the I-551.
	There is also an I-551 stamp used as temporary evidence of immigration	AR-3, AR-3a	INS issued these forms from 1941 through part of 1949. Treat same
	status while awaiting issuance of the I-551 card,		as I-551,
I-550	Certificate of Naturalization	PRUCOL	Permanently Residing Under Color of Law (Under SSI regulations in
N-560	Certificate of Citizenship		effect on August 21, 1996)

December 8, 1998